

Chapter 20

Information System Prosumption Development and Application in e-Learning

Malgorzata Pankowska
University of Economics in Katowice, Poland

ABSTRACT

In order to reduce risks and increase the speed of new information technology (IT) product or service development as well as to satisfy customers' demand, end users' involvement has become one of the most important issues. The chapter aims at the presentation of the user role in information system development and the activities of prosumers in e-learning. The first part of the chapter covers literature review referring to studies on end users' involvement in the information system (IS) development process. In the second part of the chapter the opportunities of prosumption development on the Internet are discussed. Particularly, the author focuses on e-learning purposes development and IT-supported communication among e-learners. The third part of the chapter covers a proposal of the architecture model as well as a discussion on methods of information system design for the prosumption development.

INTRODUCTION: CUSTOMER INVOLVEMENT IN PRODUCTION PROCESS

As consumerism rises, traditional development models are unable to quickly and accurately satisfy the needs of customer. Therefore, it is necessary that customers play a critical role in the

manufacturing, research and marketing process. Companies invite them to the value exchange processes and treat them as partners in product development processes.

For companies in the service sector, customers' perception might seriously affect the quality of service delivery. Customer involvement can take different forms, i.e.:

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-4666-2190-9.ch020

- Customer participation in the new service development process directly (Martin & Horne, 1995);
- Co-development of technology providers and users on exploration of the use of the technology in a specific industry (Anderson & Crocca, 1993);
- Partnership i.e. a formal relationship between the customers and the company (Campbell & Cooper, 1999);
- Prosumption i.e. the dual roles played by the customer as a provider as well as a consumer (Matthing *et al.*, 2004).

Generally, customer involvement help companies better understand customer needs, provide differentiated services, reduce the development time, facilitate user education, and improve innovation diffusion. According to Schiel the good customers for the co-development of products and services are:

- Willing to participate, without a prejudice, in discussions, handle critical feedback, and constructively assert the advantages of their position;
- Open minded to learn or to teach the product designers as well as to change their minds or to challenge the rest of the work team with their ideas;
- Willing to work on backlog tasks, because they can be easily guided in writing use cases and gathering evidence concerning their demands (Schiel, 2010).

The chapter is to support the creation of a theory of activation of IS users for co-development of information systems values in e-learning area. Therefore, social interactions, perceived IS development methods, their accessibility, transparency and risks are discussed. The second part covers analysis of e-learners activities and their communication problems. The last part aims towards proposal of information system architecture model.

Users involved in an information system development process are different, so they can be included in three classes:

- Lead users;
- Normal users;
- Community users (Tidd & Bessant, 2009).

Lead users are defined as members having two characteristics. First, they anticipate obtaining relatively high benefits from developed solution according to their needs. Second, they are at the leading edge of important trends in a marketplace under study. Normal users are less involved in the development process. Although normal user involvement might help provide innovative ideas, the limited understanding of new technologies could threaten the executability of the ideas, therefore there is a need to carefully select normal users for further co-development of products. Community users, unlike normal users, usually seem to have expertise in a specific field. They are interested in information technology and are willing to spend more time online on innovations. Organizations are now exploring ways to ensure a platform (i.e. Website) through which users can generate and contribute content, resulting in a cooperative experience between users and organizations. Thus, the research questions guiding the chapter concern the user role in information system development and the activities of prosumers in e-learning.

BACKGROUND: INFORMATION SYSTEMS USER ACTIVATION APPROACHES

Historically, there are several kinds of adaptive methods of information system development that build a model of users' knowledge and their involvement in that process. Active participation of a person in a community is a powerful indicator of the person's interests, preferences, beliefs and social and demographic context. Community

22 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage:
www.igi-global.com/chapter/information-system-prosumption-development-application/70620

Related Content

High-Level Design Space Exploration of Embedded Systems Using the Model-Driven Engineering and Aspect-Oriented Design Approaches

Marcio Ferreira da Silva Oliveira, Marco Aurelio Wehrmeister, Francisco Assis do Nascimento and Carlos Eduardo Pereira (2010). *Behavioral Modeling for Embedded Systems and Technologies: Applications for Design and Implementation* (pp. 114-146).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/high-level-design-space-exploration/36340

A Meta-Model-Based Approach to the Definition of the Analysis Results of Petri-Net Models

Simona Bernardi and José Merseguer (2014). *Theory and Application of Multi-Formalism Modeling* (pp. 104-116).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/a-meta-model-based-approach-to-the-definition-of-the-analysis-results-of-petri-net-models/91943

Responding to Ongoing Change: Challenges for Information Systems Modeling

Alexei Lapouchnian, Eric Yu and Stephanie Deng (2014). *International Journal of Information System Modeling and Design* (pp. 48-70).

www.irma-international.org/article/responding-to-ongoing-change/120173

Assimilating and Optimizing Software Assurance in the SDLC: A Framework and Step-Wise Approach

Aderemi O. Adeniji and Seok-Won Lee (2010). *International Journal of Secure Software Engineering* (pp. 62-80).

www.irma-international.org/article/assimilating-optimizing-software-assurance-sdlc/48217

Secure Software Development Assimilation: Effects of External Pressures and Roles of Internal Factors

Mingqiu Song, Donghao Chen and Elizabeth Sylvester Mkoba (2014). *International Journal of Secure Software Engineering* (pp. 32-55).

www.irma-international.org/article/secure-software-development-assimilation/118147