# Chapter 14 Network Marketing and Supply Chain Management for Effective Operations Management

**Raj Selladurai** Indiana University Northwest, USA

#### ABSTRACT

The use of network marketing by an organization as a distribution strategy in its global supply chain management activities is increasing and becoming very popular. This chapter looks at the "new" network marketing-supply chain paradigm, and analyzes some implications of the strategies for effective operations management. The network marketing paradigm has been greatly enhanced by the growth and popularity of the internet, which provides a powerful impetus to the whole concept of effective global network marketing-supply chain management area. This mainly theoretical study also provides a practical perspective by discussing manufacturing and service companies that are implementing the network marketing-supply chain strategy model in some form. It analyzes the supply chain management activities used by these organizations to achieve unprecedented success in their respective industry. This chapter concludes by developing an effective network marketing-supply chain management as key strategies in operations management.

## INTRODUCTION

Business organizations across the globe have used a variety of network marketing strategies and integrated them into their operations in many creative ways, to achieve great success. Many businesses have effectively used network marketing strategies that network marketing's reputation, and the

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popularity of such strategies has grown rapidly in the world over the last several decades. Recently, Warren Buffet's Berkshire Hathaway company got into network marketing when it bought The Pampered Chef, a leading network marketing company. Southern Living at Home, another successful network marketing leader in the home decorating industry, generated more than \$100 million a year for AOL Time Warner, its parent company at the time (Woodburn, 2003). Network marketing has extended beyond the U.S. shores, and other countries have begun to take a close look at this "new" phenomenon. This American-style network marketing model has been referred to as the "new" paradigm which is being experimented with and implemented by many businesses and other organizational structures in Japan (Imura, 2004). In China, the world's biggest market, several companies and many local people are getting into network marketing (Rayasam, 2007).

In a recent study, Coyne, Clifford, and Dye (2007) suggested 21 questions that effective companies need to ask, in developing new products. These include specific questions related to buyers and users (knowing the target market and audience well; examining in depth some of the binding constraints (overcoming limitations); exploring unexpected successes (looking at new creative and imaginative uses for the products); moving toward perfection by imagining it (continuous improvement); focusing on and adapting to the external environment ("thinking outside the box" strategies); and taking a closer look at and revisiting products' strengths and weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (mission and vision perspectives). This chapter focuses on a few of the specific questions that leading companies are addressing effectively via specific strategies which have contributed to their success - namely network marketing and supply chain management.

## BACKGROUND

## Uniqueness and Significance of Network Marketing

Network marketing, also more commonly referred to as direct sales, direct marketing, multilevel marketing and/or other similar concepts, is basically the direct distribution strategy of a product or service, from the company to the consumers, through building effective relationship marketing between distributors and customers. Typically, a network marketing strategy is implemented via a structure or system in which the manufacturing company chooses to distribute its products and services directly to its customers through a network of distributors. This is usually done through a selective group of dynamic and highly motivated people outside the company (distributors, dealers, affiliates, partners, etc.) who market the products and services directly to the consumers and get paid by the manufacturer for doing so. These distributors are also given the opportunity to develop and build their own independent business networks, usually called a downline or multilevel organizational structure, through recruiting, training, and inspiring others to duplicate their efforts. Products are sold mostly from outside of fixed retail locations and usually from the home, primarily through one-on-one personal contact and through product demonstrations. With the increasing popularity of the internet, several companies' dealers and representatives are using the internet to market their products, and are building their business networks by using proven lead generation systems, in collaboration with specialized lead generation companies.

Network marketing, or direct selling overall, may also be referred to as an industry -- a fast growing, successful industry. In 2007 alone, the direct selling industry reported 30.8 billion in total sales in the US, with a workforce of about 15 million involved in some way in this industry (http://www.dsa.org/pubs/numbers/#SALES). What makes network marketing so popular and unique? The one-to-one personalized, relationship marketing interaction that takes place between distributor and customer is the key to network marketing. Most people would prefer and choose to buy from someone whom they know, like, and trust-network marketing personifies this concept extremely well. People would generally prefer to buy their product/s from a local distributor -afriend, neighbor, associate, coworker, peer or colleague, fellow member of a church, social club, etc. - rather than from an impersonal corporate 12 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage:

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