701 E. Chocolate Avenue, Suite 200, Hershey PA 17033-1240, USA Tel: 717/533-8845; Fax 717/533-8661; URL-http://www.idea-group.com

ITB9995

Chapter XIII

Testing a Self-Directed Model of Organizational Learning in an IT Planning Context

Sofiane Sahraoui, American University of Sharjah, United Arab Emirates

ABSTRACT

This study postulates that an empowered workforce can rally the organization to the objective of achieving IT planning effectiveness within the premises of a planning culture geared to empowerment. The planning culture is a powerful lever to empower knowledge workers and establish a learning environment conducive to planning effectiveness. A sample of 101 IT professionals was used to look at the indirect effects of the planning culture on IT planning effectiveness through the empowerment of knowledge workers. Strong support was garnered for the three hypotheses of the study, namely: (1) empowered knowledge workers make a significant impact on the quality of planning outcomes; (2) planning cultures empower knowledge workers; hence, (3) improving the quality of planning through the motivational path of knowledge workers empowerment. Implications of the findings for organizational learning are discussed at the end.

This chapter appears in the book, *Advanced Topics in End User Computing, Volume 3*, edited by M. Adam Mahmood. Copyright © 2004, Idea Group Inc. Copying or distributing in print or electronic forms without written permission of Idea Group Inc. is prohibited.

INTRODUCTION

The information systems literature provides a wide range of models for undertaking IT planning but lacks research into the antecedents of IT planning effectiveness. Most studies have indeed focused on the mechanics of IT planning rather than on its antecedents (Brancheau et al., 1996; Rodgers, 1997; Sahraoui, 2002) and emphasis was put on the strategies, structures, and planning methodologies used to achieve effective planning rather than on the people involved in IT planning (Henderson & Sifonis, 1988). The present study fits within the research stream on the social antecedents of IT planning effectiveness (see Nelson & Cooprider, 1996; Sahraoui, 2002; Subramani et al., 1999) and postulates that an empowered workforce can rally the organization to the objective of achieving IT planning effectiveness within the premises of a planning culture geared to empowerment.

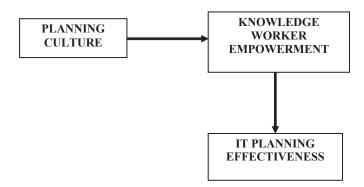
This chapter will assess the catalytic effect of planning cultures on knowledge workers' empowerment in view of achieving planning effectiveness. A literature review on IT planning, knowledge worker empowerment, and corporate cultures will provide the conceptual framework for the research model outlined in *Figure 1*.

The chapter is organized as follows: the first section will review IT planning; the second section will tackle knowledge workers empowerment; the third section will introduce the concept of the planning culture; the fourth section will describe the research design for the empirical component of the study, and unveils the study results; and the final section draws the study implications for managerial practice leading into the conclusion of the study.

IT PLANNING

Boynton & Zmud (1987) defined IT planning as organizational activities directed towards (1) recognizing organizational opportunities for using IT; (2) determining the





Copyright © 2004, Idea Group Inc. Copying or distributing in print or electronic forms without written permission of Idea Group Inc. is prohibited.

18 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart"

button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-

global.com/chapter/testing-self-directed-modelorganizational/4466

Related Content

Computational Engineering in the Cloud: Benefits and Challenges

Lorin Hochstein, Brian Schottand Robert B. Graybill (2013). *Innovative Strategies and Approaches for End-User Computing Advancements (pp. 314-332).*www.irma-international.org/chapter/computational-engineering-cloud/69625

Organizational Factors and Information Technology Use: Tying Perceptions of the Organization to Perceptions of IT

Riza Ergun Arsal, Jason Bennett Thatcher, Thomas J. Zagenczyk, D. Harrison McKnightand Manju K. Ahuja (2009). *Journal of Organizational and End User Computing (pp. 37-59)*.

www.irma-international.org/article/organizational-factors-information-technology-use/4146

Robust Security With Strong Authentication in Mobile Cloud Computing Based on Trefoil Congruity Framework

Jerald Nirmal Kumar S., Ravimaran S.and Sathish A. (2021). *Journal of Organizational and End User Computing (pp. 1-28).*

www.irma-international.org/article/robust-security-strong-authentication-mobile/278403

The Effect of Individual Differences on Computer Attitudes

Claudia Orr, David Allenand Sandra Poindexter (2002). Advanced Topics in End User Computing, Volume 1 (pp. 210-232).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/effect-individual-differences-computer-attitudes/4433

Characterizing Data Discovery and End-User Computing Needs in Clinical Translational Science

Parmit K. Chilana, Elishema Fishman, Estella M. Geraghty, Peter Tarczy-Hornoch, Fredric M. Wolfand Nick R. Anderson (2013). *Innovative Strategies and Approaches for End-User Computing Advancements (pp. 301-313).*

www.irma-international.org/chapter/characterizing-data-discovery-end-user/69624