

Securing the Future: The Role of AI in Biometric Authentication and Cybersecurity

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ABSTRACT

In today's increasingly digital world, robust cybersecurity is more critical than ever. Biometric authentication using unique physical and behavioural traits for identity verification shows promise as a secure way to safeguard sensitive data and systems. Secure authentication of individuals is crucial for every transaction. Traditional authentication approaches include knowledge-based (passwords), possession-based (tokens), and biometric-based (fingerprints, face scans, etc.) methods. In these, biometric authentication is considered the most convenient and reliable. Unlike passwords and tokens, biometrics do not require memorization or physical objects for authentication. By leveraging a person's unique biological traits, biometric systems can simply and securely confirm an individual's identity. This article explores how AI is transforming biometric authentication to enhance cybersecurity. It examines the current landscape, challenges, and future outlook.

1. INTRODUCTION

In current landscape of growing need for artificial intelligence and machine learning, the area of cyberspace cannot be untouched. The un-matching and cutting edge performance of artificial intelligence has proved that the future belongs to the machine learning devices. From giving recommendation of

DOI: 10.4018/406038

shopping, videos, books based on past learning from users history, to predicting the security threats, pattern matching, and risks in security system, the AI has overwhelmingly taken the entire space. The intelligence is the only parameter which discriminate a human being form other living things on this earth and by the entry of machine learning diaspora, Its becoming very hard for identifying whether we are communicating with human or machine. This poses a security threat to users where any person with knowledge of handcrafting the algorithms, can easily manipulate the system and can invade the privacy of user. In such scenario, we need a robust security system which not only capable of identifying the authorized persons but also capable of thinking the future risk by predicting it using the behaviour analysis of system and its surrounding environment. Such cyber secured system can only imaginable when we integrate the power of artificial intelligence with authentication mechanism. We need a system which can be far transparent, inter-operable across multi-platforms, spoofed secured and based on user biometric traits. In this paper, we will discuss how the artificial intelligence and machine learning can empower the cybersecurity using its dominant capability and proven efficacy.

2. RESEARCH OBJECTIVE

The objective of proposed study is to explore the role of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in enhancing biometric authentication for improved cybersecurity, identifying its current capabilities, challenges, and future prospects in securing sensitive data and systems. The study explored different artificial intelligence models and tools that can be utilized for the development of the secure biometric authentication system and also focusing on challenges imposed during the development and deployment of security applications in real world scenario spanning from technical background of artificial intelligence to the real implementation and its capabilities in fast paced society where people are depending on artificial tools for daily tasks.

Focused Research Questions invoked in study:

Some of the suggested questions which are invoked in our study is as follows:

- How is AI currently being utilized in biometric authentication systems to improve cybersecurity?
- What are the key challenges in integrating AI with biometric authentication methods?
- How does AI-enhanced biometric authentication compare to traditional authentication methods in terms of security and user experience?

3. AI-POWERED BIOMETRIC AUTHENTICATION: LITERATURE REVIEW

Artificial Intelligence plays a pivotal role in enhancing the effectiveness and reliability of biometric authentication systems. Machine learning algorithms analyse biometric data, learn patterns, and adapt to variations, improving accuracy and robustness over time. Deep learning, a subset of AI, has shown remarkable success in biometric recognition tasks, achieving human-level performance in some cases. Biometric authentication, which uses unique physical or behavioural characteristics to verify identities, has become an essential component of modern security systems. The integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and machine learning has significantly enhanced the accuracy and efficiency of biometric

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