Chapter 4 From Waste to Resource: Circular Waste Management and Energy Production in Hotels

Mst. Sumyia Akter

https://orcid.org/0009-0000-6020-074X International University of Business Agriculture and Technology, Bangladesh

> Apurba Sarkar https://orcid.org/0009-0009-9749-7140 Budapest Business University, Hungary

> Md Imran Hossain https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0354-1465 Holmes Institute, Australia

ABSTRACT

The hospitality industry, a cornerstone of the global economy, faces significant challenges in managing food waste sustainably. Conventional waste disposal methods incur substantial costs and environmental damage. As a result, hotels are embracing sustainable technologies like anaerobic digestion, biogas production, thermal processes like pyrolysis, gasification etc Based on secondary sources, this chapter focuses on economic benefits of Waste-to-Energy innovations in hotels such as cost savings from reduced waste disposal fees, potential revenue streams from energy sales, and improved operational efficiency. Additionally, the chapter highlight environmental benefit including reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and the promotion of a circular economy. Ultimately, this chapter offers insights into integrating renewable energy from waste innovations into hotel operations to achieve economic and environmental goals. It strives to aid hotel managers, policymakers, and stakeholders in adopting and maximizing waste-to-energy systems

DOI: 10.4018/979-8-3693-7605-8.ch004

Copyright © 2025, IGI Global. Copying or distributing in print or electronic forms without written permission of IGI Global is prohibited.

INTRODUCTION

The hospitality industry is a vibrant and dynamic sector, significantly contributing to the global economy through tourism, employment, and cultural exchange. However, it is also a major consumer of natural resources and a significant waste producer, which leads to considerable ecological repercussions. In an era where sustainability is becoming essential for businesses, the hospitality industry is under increasing pressure to adopt eco-friendly practices (Kularatne et al., 2019). Omune et al., (2021) describe that this shift is driven not only by regulatory requirements and growing environmental awareness among consumers but also by recognizing that sustainable practices can lead to cost savings, improved brand image, and a competitive advantage. Sustainability in the hospitality sector encompasses various practices, including energy efficiency, water conservation, waste reduction, and sustainable sourcing. Among these practices, waste management stands out as a crucial area with considerable potential for improvement. The hotel sector typically generates various types of waste, including organic waste (e.g., food scraps), plastics, paper, glass, and hazardous materials such as cleaning chemicals (Mensah & Ampofo, 2021; Omune et al., 2021). Typical waste management practices in the hotel industry tend to be inefficient and costly. The linear model of "take, make, dispose" depletes resources and results in waste accumulation in landfills (Elisha, 2020). This approach carries significant financial and environmental costs, such as high disposal fees, increased greenhouse gas emissions, and resource scarcity. Adopting effective waste management practices not only reduces the environmental impact of hotels but also advances the industry's sustainability objectives as a whole. Through waste reduction, material reuse, and effective recycling programs, hotels can markedly decrease their environmental footprint while boosting operational efficiency.

Circular waste management aims to minimize waste creation, maximize material reuse, and recycle resources to establish a self-sustaining cycle (Luttenberger, 2020; Adami & Schiavon, 2021). In contrast to the linear economy that depletes resources and accumulates waste, this approach promotes resource efficiency through recycling and reuse, aiming for sustainability. Within a circular economy framework, waste transforms into a valuable resource, contributing to reduced environmental impact and enhanced sustainability efforts (Pamfilie et al., 2018). Circular waste management is essential for hotels due to their high resource consumption and waste production. Adopting a circular economy model helps optimize operations, reduce costs, and support environmental conservation. This shift meets growing stakeholder expectations, including customer demands and regulatory requirements for sustainable

22 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart"

button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-

global.com/chapter/from-waste-to-resource/357587

Related Content

Roofing Solar Panels of Planar and Concentrator Designs

Vladimir Panchenko (2020). International Journal of Energy Optimization and Engineering (pp. 20-40).

www.irma-international.org/article/roofing-solar-panels-of-planar-and-concentratordesigns/259975

Changing Patterns of Energy Use and Its Linkage With Some Macroeconomic Variables in India and China

Rajib Bhattacharyya (2021). *Research Anthology on Clean Energy Management and Solutions (pp. 1615-1633).*

www.irma-international.org/chapter/changing-patterns-of-energy-use-and-its-linkage-with-somemacroeconomic-variables-in-india-and-china/286533

Gain Schedule PI Fuzzy Load Frequency Control for Two-Area Electric Power System: Load Frequency Control

Tawfiq H. Elmenfy (2020). *International Journal of Energy Optimization and Engineering (pp. 39-50).*

www.irma-international.org/article/gain-schedule-pi-fuzzy-load-frequency-control-for-two-areaelectric-power-system/255718

Performance Evaluation of a Low Head Hydraulic Air Compressor: A Prospective Source of Renewable and Green Energy

Apurba Kumar Royand Kaushik Kumar (2024). *Optimization Techniques for Hybrid Power Systems: Renewable Energy, Electric Vehicles, and Smart Grid (pp. 198-229).*

www.irma-international.org/chapter/performance-evaluation-of-a-low-head-hydraulic-aircompressor/350451

Integrating AI and Nuclear Technology for Environmental Sustainability

Usharani Bhimavarapu (2025). *Pathways to a Carbon-Free Future Through Advanced Nuclear Systems (pp. 195-214).*

www.irma-international.org/chapter/integrating-ai-and-nuclear-technology-for-environmentalsustainability/383017