Chapter 1 Virtual Collaboration Evolution:

Trends and Innovations on the Horizon

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ABSTRACT

This chapter covers the major advances in virtual cooperation driven by current exploratory research and technology. Digital communication tools, social networks, and immersive technologies have transformed how organizations and individuals collaborate. The chapter comprises individual aspects of virtual collaboration, virtual team practices, and organization-enabling aspects. It analyzes communication styles, virtual team dynamics, and the adoption of AI, VR, and blockchain. These technologies bring security and privacy risks and potential for future organizational structures and work practices, which the chapter explores. In a quickly changing digital ecosystem, firms can use virtual collaboration to boost productivity, cut costs, and innovate by anticipating and comprehending these trends and developments.

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1. INTRODUCTION

This chapter provides a practitioner's guide to significant evolutions in virtual collaboration in context, initiated largely by recent exploratory research. It is presented with the intent of adding objectivity to the practical use of virtual collaborative technologies, which are maturing as rapidly as the practices of users employing them.

This chapter explores recent trends and is organized into three major components of virtual collaboration. The first section reflects on real experiences with the organization—individual aspects of virtual collaboration. Trends are discussed in structure/style, culture/communication, and work. The second section focuses on virtual team practices: making progress in virtual teams, leading virtual teams, and virtual team dynamics: compliance and resistance. Finally, the third part of the chapter discusses the organization-enabling aspects of virtual collaboration, such as return on investment, virtual organization, and the impact of culture.

Virtual collaboration is a critical knowledge work enabler that brings the promise of innovative ideas and problem solutions to organizations while reducing costs and improving lead time along the way (Mitchell, 2023) (Chirumalla, 2021) (Shcherbakov & Silkina, 2021). Organizations have been wise to leverage what we have considered state-of-the-art thinking thus far. Over time, however, goals evolve, and new tools, approaches, and models emerge. These trends and innovations must be anticipated, understood, and experimented with to realize virtual collaboration's full potential as a strategic asset.

1.1. Background and Significance

For various purposes across the spectrum of academic endeavors, business, and government, the trend appears to be moving from on-site to a combination of on-site and off-site personnel (Pärn et al., 2024) (Freitag et al., 2021). As people and organizations learn more about this way of working, the trend may turn sharply towards mass migration from day-to-day office settings into all-virtual or primarily virtual and dedicated remote assignments.

It is no surprise that much work is done globally in the form of virtual teams. Virtual workers are an emerging meta-work arrangement. In an increasingly competitive global marketplace and changes in home and work environments, we would expect traditional barriers to break down. The technology, values, and work habits of a new generation of knowledge workers increasingly favor adopting virtual teams (Burton et al., 2021) (Muzam, 2023) (Masenya2022).

The last decade, which spanned the years 2011 to 2021, laid the foundation for a virtual revolution that has completely transformed the way we live and work (Cheese, 2021) (Pregowska et al., 2021) (Annoni et al., 2023). We are currently in

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