

Chapter 11

Phenolic and Flavonoid Content of Propolis Extracts of *Heterotrigona itama* From Rubber Smallholding Area and Forestry Surrounding Area

Nora'aini Ali

*Faculty of Ocean Engineering Technology and Informatics, Universiti Malaysia
Terengganu, Malaysia*

Norafiza Awang

*Faculty of Ocean Engineering Technology and Informatics, Universiti Malaysia
Terengganu, Malaysia*

Norhafiza Ilyana Yatim

*Centre of Lipids Engineering and Applied Research (CLEAR), Ibnu Sina Institute
of Scientific and Industrial Research, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu, Malaysia*

Norasikin Othman

*Higher Institution Centre of Excellence (HICoE), Institute of Tropical
Aquaculture and Fisheries, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia*

Shamsul Bahri Abd Razak

*Apis and Meliponine Special Interest Group, Faculty of Fishery and Food
Sciences, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu, Malaysia*

ABSTRACT

The various botanical origins may be influenced by the type of plant used as a food source, which affects the chemical composition of propolis. The purpose of this

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-6684-6265-2.ch011

work was to determine the antioxidant activity, total phenolic content (TPC), and total flavonoid content (TFC) of propolis extracted from Indo-Malayan stingless bees, Heterotrigona itama, rearing at different botanical regions. Propolis was obtained from two different botanical origins: Forested area (H. Itama-FA) propolis from Taman Pertanian Sekayu, Terengganu and Hevea brasiliensis (HB) propolis from stingless bees that reared in the rubber smallholding at Bukit Berangan, Terengganu (H. Itama-HB). TPC and TFC concentrations were evaluated using a UV-Vis Spectrophotometer, whereas antioxidant activity was determined using the DPPH free radical assay method. The results showed that the propolis of stingless bees rearing in rubber smallholdings area and the wildly available in forest area have comparable quality in terms of promising sources of antioxidant compounds.

INTRODUCTION

The Indo-Malayan clade has more than 50 species of stingless bees. The most often domesticated and bred stingless bee species include *Heterotrigona itama* (H.Itama), *Geniotrigona thoracica*, *Lepidotrigona terminate*, and *Tetragonula laeviceps* (Slaa et al., 2006). In Malaysia, forests are the most popular domesticated areas for stingless bees, which contains various tree species that could support great biodiversity for the stingless bees colony production and survival. A heterogeneous culture in rubber plantations, such as mixing rubber trees with other plants or animals. A heterogeneous culture is one of the ongoing efforts to ensure the sustainability of rubber industry sectors and the socioeconomic well-being of smallholder farmers whose livelihoods are heavily reliant on rubber tapping. The farmers face significant obstacles due to the inherent vulnerability of rubber prices to global economic downturns, despite the numerous limits imposed by climate change and environmental concerns. There is a downward trend in latex pricing due to the decline in demand for the rubber industry. As a result, numerous initiatives and approaches have been made to integrate diverse activities with rubber plantations to provide additional revenue for farmers.

Since the early 1980s, the Rubber Research Institute of Malaysia (RRIM) has been integrating meliponiculture, such as stingless beekeeping, into rubber growing areas, mostly in rubber smallholder areas. Previous research and pilot programmes have demonstrated the feasibility and viability of growing stingless bees in rubber tree habitats (Rao & Vijayakumar, 1992). Thus, integrating stingless bees, particularly *Heterotrigona itama*, into rubber plantations might be considered a secondary source of revenue for rubber smallholders while simultaneously serving as an important pollination agent for the crop (Zaki & Razak, 2018). However, scientific facts and full knowledge of the Indo-Malayan stingless bees are still lacking in Malaysia. As a result, farmers have not yet benefited from successful information transfer about stingless beekeeping and rearing.

14 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-global.com/chapter/phenolic-and-flavonoid-content-of-propolis-extracts-of-heterotrigona-itama-from-rubber-smallholding-area-and-forestry-surrounding-area/315998

Related Content

Electric Robotized Organic Technology for Livestock Production on a Pasture Field

Valentin Krauspand Grigoryan Bagdasar Ovik (2019). *Advanced Agro-Engineering Technologies for Rural Business Development* (pp. 180-198).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/electric-robotized-organic-technology-for-livestock-production-on-a-pasture-field/225685

Determinant of Food Security on Upland Agriculture Households in Paletwa Township, Chin State of Myanmar

San Lwinand Supaporn Pongchompu (2019). *Urban Agriculture and Food Systems: Breakthroughs in Research and Practice* (pp. 335-345).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/determinant-of-food-security-on-upland-agriculture-households-in-paletwa-township-chin-state-of-myanmar/222397

A Policy Framework for Sustainable Marketing Practices and Brand Evaluation Through Instagram Marketing

Syed Muhammad Jalal, Iqra Arshad, Shahid Khaliland Muhammad Khuram Khalil (2024). *Emerging Technologies and Marketing Strategies for Sustainable Agriculture* (pp. 70-87).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/a-policy-framework-for-sustainable-marketing-practices-and-brand-evaluation-through-instagram-marketing/344375

Sustainable Approach to Food Packaging Materials Using Nanotechnology

Rajni Gautam (2023). *Impactful Technologies Transforming the Food Industry* (pp. 239-254).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/sustainable-approach-to-food-packaging-materials-using-nanotechnology/329488

Sustainable Agriculture With Special Emphasis on Risk Management

Vidya Kumbhar, Sneha Kumari, Pratyush Kumar, Kailash Parihar and Samaya Venkatesh Pillai (2024). *Emerging Technologies and Marketing Strategies for Sustainable Agriculture* (pp. 53-69).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/sustainable-agriculture-with-special-emphasis-on-risk-management/344374