# Chapter 5 Development of an Efficient Monitoring System Using Fog Computing and Machine Learning Algorithms on Healthcare 4.0

Sowmya B. J. M.S. Ramaiah Institute of Technology, India

Pradeep Kumar D. M.S. Ramaiah Institute of Technology, India

Hanumantharaju R.

(b) https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2139-

980X M.S. Ramaiah Institute of Technology, India Gautam Mundada M.S. Ramaiah Institute of Technology, India

Anita Kanavalli M.S. Ramaiah Institute of Technology, India

Shreenath K. N.

Siddaganga Institute of Technology, India

### ABSTRACT

Disruptive innovations in data management and analytics have led to the development of patient-centric Healthcare 4.0 from the hospital-centric Healthcare 3.0. This work presents an IoT-based monitoring systems for patients with cardiovascular abnormalities. IoT-enabled wearable ECG sensor module transmits the readings in real-time to the fog nodes/mobile app for continuous analysis. Deep learning/ machine learning model automatically detect and makes prediction on the rhythmic

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-7998-8161-2.ch005

Copyright © 2022, IGI Global. Copying or distributing in print or electronic forms without written permission of IGI Global is prohibited.

#### Efficient Monitoring System Using Fog Computing and Machine Learning Algorithms

anomalies in the data. The application alerts and notifies the physician and the patient of the rhythmic variations. Real-time detection aids in the early diagnosis of the impending heart condition in the patient and helps physicians clinically to make quick therapeutic decisions. The system is evaluated on the MIT-BIH arrhythmia dataset of ECG data and achieves an overall accuracy of 95.12% in classifying cardiac arrhythmia.

#### **1. INTRODUCTION**

The Healthcare 4.0 paradigm, at its core, involves providing highly personalized services to patients. For this to be realized in the healthcare industry, real time service is of the essence. Fog Computing enables computations to be performed at the edge, while simultaneously utilizing the cloud to store large amounts of data. Thus, it can be leveraged to meet the real-time servicing needs of Healthcare 4.0. We use an ECG to get the readings and use high performance computing (HPC) and ML algorithms for monitoring and analysis. Develop an efficient system based on the fog computing paradigm for the real-time monitoring and analysis of ECG data of users and decrease response time in case of emergencies. The Overall Objectives can be stated as

- Accurate and Real-Time monitoring and analysis of ECG data.
- Immediate notification to Doctors and Emergency Services in case of anomalies.
- Performance enhancement of Healthcare 4.0 using Fog Computing, HPC and ML algorithms.
- Decreasing the latency of monitoring and analysis by the utilization of fog architecture.
- Creation of a mobile application for visualization of the data by doctors/ patients.

The Deliverables can be achieved such as Machine Learning and Deep Learning Models for the analysis of ECG Data to detect anomalies, Fog Architecture on which the Model is deployed for decreased latency, a mobile application for patients and doctors to view the diagnosis and data.

The scope is limited to Detect anomalies in heartbeat based on ECG Reading, notify assigned doctors in case of emergency and/or when an anomaly is detected, Fog computation architecture for real time predictions and notifications, Mobile app for both doctor and patient to keep track of heart health history, prescriptions etc. 19 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: <u>www.igi-</u> <u>global.com/chapter/development-of-an-efficient-monitoring-</u> system-using-fog-computing-and-machine-learning-

algorithms-on-healthcare-40/293124

### **Related Content**

## CSE as Epistemic Technologies: Computer Modeling and Disciplinary Difference in the Humanities

Matt Ratto (2012). *Handbook of Research on Computational Science and Engineering: Theory and Practice (pp. 567-586).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/cse-epistemic-technologies/60375

#### Effective Open-Source Performance Analysis Tools

Prashobh Balasundaram (2012). *Handbook of Research on Computational Science and Engineering: Theory and Practice (pp. 98-118).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/effective-open-source-performance-analysis/60357

#### Cultural Tourism O2O Business Model Innovation: A Case Study of CTrip

Chao Luand Sijing Liu (2020). *Disruptive Technology: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools, and Applications (pp. 406-423).* 

www.irma-international.org/chapter/cultural-tourism-o2o-business-model-innovation/231197

### Technology Transfer and Innovation Management: The Brazilian TTOs Challenges

Luan Carlos Santos Silva, Silvia Gaia, Carla Schwengber ten Catenand Renata Tilemann Facó (2020). *Disruptive Technology: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools, and Applications (pp. 1057-1074).* 

www.irma-international.org/chapter/technology-transfer-and-innovation-management/231232

# Harnessing Collective Intelligence Through Pattern Mining in Social Computational Systems

Gaganmeet Kaur Awaland K. K. Bharadwaj (2018). *Handbook of Research on Pattern Engineering System Development for Big Data Analytics (pp. 91-110).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/harnessing-collective-intelligence-through-pattern-mining-insocial-computational-systems/202836