


## Chapter 2

# The Role of School Management Teams in Managing Curriculum Delivery During and After COVID-19

**Takalani Rhoda Luhlima**

*University of Venda, South Africa*

**Shonisani Agnes Mulovhedzi**

 <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8355-3377>

*University of Venda, South Africa*

### ABSTRACT

*A curriculum is a guiding strength behind any educational system, and its successful implementation defines the actualization of every country's education goals. School management team (SMT) success depends on their readiness to be dynamic in changing times and serving their duties as curriculum leaders. The purpose of this chapter is to investigate the roles of SMTs in managing curriculum delivery during and after the COVID-19 pandemic. The desktop research method was used. The content of this chapter focuses on the management of teaching and learning during the COVID-19 crisis. To ensure the quality of education, schools should be actively involved in curriculum implementation. Various factors supporting school management teams and strategies used in effective management curriculum delivery are highlighted. In addition, the factors that act as barriers in managing curriculum delivery and conflict of interests will be discussed. Finally, the authors recommend that SMTs, teachers, students, and all stakeholders should embrace the transition of curriculum delivery.*

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-7998-7168-2.ch002

## **INTRODUCTION**

This chapter aims to describe the roles and responsibilities of School Management Teams (SMTs) in managing curriculum delivery from school to school to address the needs of a diverse community of students during and after the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) crisis. The authors recommend that SMTs, teachers, students, and all stakeholders should embrace the transition of curriculum delivery. Notwithstanding the COVID-19 crisis experienced in teaching and learning, SMTs should continue with their management role to deliver the curriculum to promote quality education. It is essential to monitor curriculum delivery during and after COVID-19 to ensure the quality of teaching and learning, especially in times like this when the regular curriculum is disrupted (Crawford et al., 2020). The execution of the curriculum has changed as a result of COVID-19, because social distancing is used to prevent disease transmission. Burgess and Sievertsen (2020), consequently, teaching and learning are going online on an untried and unparalleled scale. All this is taking place to ensure continuity of teaching and learning because students support that they should not waste the academic year by not being taught. E-learning systems and teaching and studying online is the approach to use in schools.

However, South African public schools are still using more traditional face-to-face learning than e-learning systems. Nonetheless, private schools can afford blended teaching. Biggs, Dingsdag, and Roos (2008) demonstrated that SMTs must then include guidance for the new arrangement, the program design, implementation, assessment, and management. Management of the curriculum is also one of SMT's managerial duties (Ntuli, 2018). This is required to improve high-quality instruction and promote the successful implementation of teaching and learning in schools. However, robust's responsibility for teaching and learning and transparency can be shared by top government structures, SMTs, teachers, students, parents, or all stakeholders. Ntuli (2018) has shown that the primary duty of SMTs is to ensure that the process of preparing, coordinating, directing, and managing the work of members of the organisation is carried out and using all operational tools available to accomplish specified organisational objectives. Another primary duty of SMTs is to ensure that the delivery of the curriculum is productive by establishing and achieving targets through the application of the following five essential management functions: preparing, coordinating, staffing, directing, and managing the use of human, financial and material resources. The curriculum management strategy is intended to facilitate learning by directing the instructional activities that guarantee lifetime learning readiness in schools. This chapter aims to examine the roles of SMTs in managing curriculum delivery during and after COVID-19.

## **Objectives of the Chapter**

The objectives of the chapter are stated below as follows:

- define management concepts
- explain the management of teaching and learning in the COVID-19 crisis
- describe the SMTs involvement in curriculum planning and implementation
- discuss the SMTs curriculum management and support system
- discuss the strategies that could be used in effective management curriculum delivery
- analyse the knowledge of curriculum management roles
- identify barriers that could deter SMTs from managing the curriculum effectively.

16 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage:

[www.igi-global.com/chapter/the-role-of-school-management-teams-in-managing-curriculum-delivery-during-and-after-covid-19/285748](http://www.igi-global.com/chapter/the-role-of-school-management-teams-in-managing-curriculum-delivery-during-and-after-covid-19/285748)

## Related Content

---

### Rethinking the Publish or Do Not Graduate Paradigm: Balancing Graduation Requirements and Scientific Integrity

Kadir Uludag (2024). *Engaging Higher Education Teachers and Students With Transnational Leadership* (pp. 165-177).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/rethinking-the-publish-or-do-not-graduate-paradigm/345639](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/rethinking-the-publish-or-do-not-graduate-paradigm/345639)

### Indigenous Pedagogies and the Implications of EdTech, Data, and AI in the Classroom

Robyn K. Rowe and Amy Shawanda (2023). *Perspectives on Indigenous Pedagogy in Education: Learning From One Another* (pp. 215-247).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/indigenous-pedagogies-and-the-implications-of-edtech-data-and-ai-in-the-classroom/327050](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/indigenous-pedagogies-and-the-implications-of-edtech-data-and-ai-in-the-classroom/327050)

### Development of Decision Support System to Evaluate the Performance of Turkish Universities

Ferhat Ünal and Aslıhan Tüfekçi (2025). *Building Organizational Capacity and Strategic Management in Academia* (pp. 139-154).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/development-of-decision-support-system-to-evaluate-the-performance-of-turkish-universities/361452](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/development-of-decision-support-system-to-evaluate-the-performance-of-turkish-universities/361452)

### Revisiting Equity, Equality, and Reform in Contemporary Public Education

Marquis C. Grant (2021). *Emerging Strategies for Public Education Reform* (pp. 84-125).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/revisiting-equity-equality-and-reform-in-contemporary-public-education/272857](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/revisiting-equity-equality-and-reform-in-contemporary-public-education/272857)

### A Synergized Education 4.0 Ecosystem Sustainably Aligned With Industry 4.0

Manjet Kaur Mehar Singh (2021). *University-Industry Collaboration Strategies in the Digital Era* (pp. 283-299).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/a-synergized-education-40-ecosystem-sustainably-aligned-with-industry-40/271536](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/a-synergized-education-40-ecosystem-sustainably-aligned-with-industry-40/271536)