

IDEA GROUP PUBLISHING

701 E. Chocolate Avenue, Suite 200, Hershey PA 17033-1240, USA Tel: 717/533-8845; Fax 717/533-8661; URL-http://www.idea-group.com

ITB10161

Chapter III

Interactive Multimedia for Learning and Performance

Ashok Banerji, Monisha Electronic Education Trust, India Glenda Rose Scales, Virginia Tech, USA

Abstract

Developments in information and communication technologies (ICT) are rapidly transforming our work environments and methods. Amongst these changes, the advent of interactive multimedia technology has meant new approaches to instruction, information and performance support implementations. The available resources can be amalgamated in a suitable way to create an enabling environment for learning, training and performing. Concise descriptions of the salient aspects are presented along with basic design principles for communication and performance support. Guidelines for design and suggestions for implementation are provided for the benefit of the practitioners.

Introduction

Undoubtedly, the advent of computers and communication technology has forever changed our daily lives. Today, we have the fantasy amplifiers (computers), the intellectual tool kits (software and hardware), and the interactive electronic communities facilitated by the Internet that have the potential to change the way we think, learn, and communicate. However, these are only tools. The late Turing Award winner Edsger Dijkstra said, "In their capacity as a tool, computers will be but a ripple on the surface of our culture. In their capacity as intellectual challenge, they are without precedent in the cultural history of mankind" (Boyer et al., 2002). The onus is on us, our innovative ideas as to how we harness the technology for education, training, and business in order to lead or lag in the new social order. In this regard, we may remember that Charles Darwin said, "It's not the strongest of the species who survive, nor the most intelligent, but the ones most responsive to change."

In this chapter, we will review these current developments in teaching and learning from a broader performance support systems perspective. Then we will suggest a performance-centered design approach in support of developing teaching and learning solutions for the knowledge worker of today.

Lessons from the Past

There are many examples from the past indicating the rush to implement cuttingedge technologies (Marino, 2001). All of these began with a grand promise as a total solution to a long-standing problem. For example, in 1922 Thomas Edison predicted that "the motion picture is destined to revolutionize" the educational system and will largely supplement textbooks. Radio was hailed with the promise to "bring the world to the classroom." Similarly, educational television was touted as a way to create a "continental classroom" (Cuban, 1986). How much of these hopes have been met as of today?

On similar lines, recently, there has been much hype about interactive multimedia and the Internet as the remedies for all problems in training and education. However, as a knowledge resource, multimedia productions, the Internet, and a library have similar attributes. It is particularly wrong to assume that putting all the information on the Internet will make learning happen. The Internet is useful, but it does not guarantee learning any more than a good library ensures creating knowledgeable persons (Clark, 1983).

From a technocratic perspective, there is a tendency to assume that installing computers and networks will solve every conceivable problem. However, the

11 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-

global.com/chapter/interactive-multimedia-learningperformance/24535

Related Content

What Did We learn?: Using Feedback From 2020 Spring Interns to Grow Kristal Curryand Suzanne Elizabeth Horn (2021). Handbook of Research on Lessons Learned From Transitioning to Virtual Classrooms During a Pandemic (pp. 207-224). www.irma-international.org/chapter/what-did-we-learn/276225

Quality Enhancement in Higher Education Institutions in India: Challenges Ahead

Katta Rama Mohana Raoand Chandra Sekhar Patro (2016). *International Journal of Virtual and Personal Learning Environments (pp. 29-40).*

www.irma-international.org/article/quality-enhancement-in-higher-education-institutions-in-india/188427

Student and Teacher Assessment of Digital Education During the COVID-19 Pandemic and After: The Case of Cadi Ayad and Sultan Moulay Slimane Universities

Rachid Agliz (2024). Navigating Virtual Worlds and the Metaverse for Enhanced E-Learning (pp. 234-246).

 $\underline{\text{www.irma-}international.org/chapter/student-and-teacher-assessment-of-digital-education-during-the-covid-19-pandemic-and-after/340110}$

Technology-Assisted Reading: Challenges and Opportunities in a Developing Country

Gerda van Wykand Arno Louw (2010). Cases on Interactive Technology Environments and Transnational Collaboration: Concerns and Perspectives (pp. 341-359).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/technology-assisted-reading/42545

Developing Self-Directed Learning to Cope With Open and Distributed E-Learning

Bernadette Winefrede Geduld (2019). Student Support Toward Self-Directed Learning in Open and Distributed Environments (pp. 103-124).

 $\underline{\text{www.irma-}international.org/chapter/developing-self-directed-learning-to-cope-with-open-and-distributed-e-learning/233323}$