

This paper appears in the publication, Intelligent Complex Adaptive Systems edited by A. Yang and Y. Shan © 2008, IGI Global

Chapter XI

The Allocation of Complexity in Economic Systems¹

Jason Potts, University of Queensland & Queensland University of Technology, Australia

Kate Morrison, Volterra Pacific Pty. Ltd., Australia

Joseph Clark, University of Queensland & Suncorp Pty. Ltd., Australia²

Abstract

This chapter isolates a classic allocation problem in the substitution relation between two primary carriers of complex rules—agents and institutions—as a function of the relative costs of embedding rules in these carriers, all subject to the constraint of maintaining overall system complexity. We call this generic model the allocation of complexity, which we propose as a bridge between neoclassical and complexity economics.

Copyright © 2008, IGI Global. Copying or distributing in print or electronic forms without written permission of IGI Global is prohibited.

The market economy is an excellent example of an intelligent complex adaptive system. Economists, however, have largely failed to develop theoretical frameworks based upon this insight and have instead persisted with a timeless equilibrium-based analysis. The exception to this has been the work of the Austrian economists (such as Friedrich Hayek) and evolutionary economists (such as Joseph Schumpeter). In this chapter, we propose a novel way of analyzing the complexity of self-organization in economic systems that draws upon the key model of the equilibrium-based neoclassical framework in terms of a comparative static framework for analysis of the allocation of rules between different classes of carrier. We start by *assuming complexity* (i.e., that evolutionary forces maintain complexity in open systems) and then analyze the distribution of state-space equilibria under different relative costs/prices of embedding rule-complexity in different carrier systems, such as agents or institutions.

The outcome is an *allocation of complexity*. Changes in relative prices, as caused by technological, institutional, or financial innovation, say, will effect the position of the equilibria in carrier-space. We may, therefore, study how change in the cost of embedding rules conditions the evolution of the complexity of an economic system. The upshot is a framework for arraying

Figure 1. The allocation of complexity model of rules in agents and institutional carriers as a function of the relative price of embedding isocomplexity



Copyright © 2008, IGI Global. Copying or distributing in print or electronic forms without written permission of IGI Global is prohibited.

18 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-global.com/chapter/allocationcomplexity-economic-systems/24192

Related Content

A Triple Cornerstone Framework for Software Startups: A Systems Thinking-Based Analysis

Narendranath Shanbhagand Eric Pardede (2021). *Handbook of Research on Modeling, Analysis, and Control of Complex Systems (pp. 60-90).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/a-triple-cornerstone-framework-for-software-startups/271034

Development of an EOQ Model for Single Source to Multi Destination: Multi Deteriorating Products under Fuzzy Environment

Kanika Gandhi, P. C. Jhaand M. Mathirajan (2012). *International Journal of Applied Evolutionary Computation (pp. 51-70).* www.irma-international.org/article/development-eoq-model-single-source/74853

What Determines the World: Causality as the Life-or-Death Relationship

Azamat Abdoullaev (2008). *Reality, Universal Ontology and Knowledge Systems: Toward the Intelligent World (pp. 148-183).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/determines-world-causality-life-death/28314

Extrapolated Biogeography-Based Optimization (eBBO) for Global Numerical Optimization and Microstrip Patch Antenna Design

M. R. Lohokare, S.S. Pattnaik, S. Devi, B.K. Panigrahi, S. Dasand J. G. Joshi (2012). *Principal Concepts in Applied Evolutionary Computation: Emerging Trends (pp. 165-191).*

www.irma-international.org/chapter/extrapolated-biogeography-based-optimization-ebbo/66820

Exploring Societal Risk Classification of the Posts of Tianya Club

Jindong Chenand Xijin Tang (2014). *International Journal of Knowledge and Systems Science (pp. 36-48).*

www.irma-international.org/article/exploring-societal-risk-classification-of-the-posts-of-tianyaclub/110912