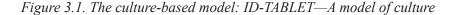
# Chapter III The Culture-Based Model Framework

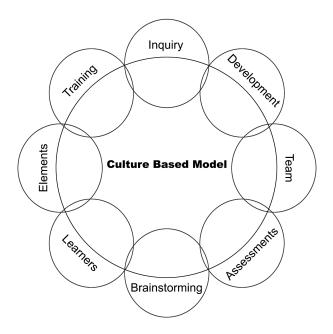
The incorporation of culture in the design process is not a simple task. It is one with multiple layers of depth and complexity. But it is also not impossible. CBM captures the nature of culture in design by providing designers with guidance in creating, replicating, modeling, planning, understanding, monitoring, researching, analyzing, integrating, enhancing, communicating, managing, and assessing culture in ICTs.

## WHAT IS CBM?

CBM is an intercultural instructional design framework that guides designers through the management, design, development, and assessment process while taking into account explicit culture-based considerations. The framework provides design guidance from the inception of an idea to its completion and beyond. Guidance is approached from the target audience's perspective. This type of situatedness is consistent with constructivist theories and research that, to build ICTs for individuals or groups, the design must be situated from the target audience's perspective (Bednar, Cunningham, Duffy, & Perry, 1992; Brown, Collins, & Duguid, 1989; Bruner, 1985; Lave & Wenger, 1991; Resnick, 1987; Rogoff & Lave, 1984; Vygotsky, 1978).

Copyright © 2009, IGI Global, distributing in print or electronic forms without written permission of IGI Global is prohibited.





CBM represents a contemporary example of a model of culture (Young, 2008). It is symbolized by the graphic representation of a circle encased by other circles to demonstrate its iterative functioning and self-selection process (see Figure 3.1). The functioning symbolizes how the model continues to work like a machine with each active component responding to the next. The self-selection allows designers to choose which areas best meet the needs of the project. CBM comprises eight areas consistent with the acronym ID-TABLET: Inquiry, Development, Team, Assessments, Brainstorming, Learners, Elements, and Training.

In classifying CBM in the field of instructional design, it might be referred to as a product-oriented model versus a classroom or systems oriented model. Productoriented models focus on the development of products. These models have been developed by researchers in the fields of computer-aided software engineering (de Hoog, de Jong, & de Vries, 1994), video production (Bergman & Moore, 1990), distance education, e-learning (Bates, 1995), curriculum development, computerassisted design (Nieveen, 1997) and instructional design (Seels & Glasgow, 1998). This line of research exemplifies the complex process of product development and the multifaceted needs across disciplines.

Copyright © 2009, IGI Global, distributing in print or electronic forms without written permission of IGI Global is prohibited.

15 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart"

button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-

global.com/chapter/culture-based-model-framework/23914

## **Related Content**

Teachers' Perceptions of Digital Language Learning Strategies: The Case of a Private Egyptian University

Dina Abdel Salam El-Dakhs, Burhan Ozfidanand Nermine Galal Ibrahim (2023). International Journal of Online Pedagogy and Course Design (pp. 1-18). www.irma-international.org/article/teachers-perceptions-of-digital-language-learningstrategies/329967

#### Interdisciplinary Problem-Based Learning Practices in Higher Education

Despo Ktoridou (2015). Cases on Research-Based Teaching Methods in Science Education (pp. 243-263).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/interdisciplinary-problem-based-learning-practices/116421

### A Phenomenological Interpretation of Students' Online Technology Experiences With Other Students in Blended Tertiary Environments

Kimberley Tuapawa (2018). *Innovative Applications of Online Pedagogy and Course Design (pp. 338-357).* 

www.irma-international.org/chapter/a-phenomenological-interpretation-of-students-online-technology-experiences-with-other-students-in-blended-tertiary-environments/203943

#### Being a Doctoral Student: The Dissertation Stage

(2020). Teaching and Learning Perspectives on Doctoral Programs in Education: Emerging Research and Opportunities (pp. 110-115). www.irma-international.org/chapter/being-a-doctoral-student-the-dissertation-stage/248662

#### High Order of Conceptual Thinking: Find the Equivalence of Meaning

Masha Etkind (2020). *Pedagogy for Conceptual Thinking and Meaning Equivalence: Emerging Research and Opportunities (pp. 1-21).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/high-order-of-conceptual-thinking/238812