Chapter 2 A Hammer Type Textile Antenna With Partial Circle Ground for WideBand Application

Anurag Saxena

S. R. Group of Institution Jhansi, India

Bharat Bhushan Khare

https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8755-9808 UIT RGPV Bhopal, India

ABSTRACT

In this chapter, a partial circle ground textile patch antenna for wideband applications with better bandwidth is presented. The simulated antenna is proposed on textile jeans substrate having dielectric constant of 1.7. The radius of textile jeans substrate antenna is 15 mm. The overall simulation of partial circle grounded shaped antenna has been done using CST simulation tool. The simulated antenna resonates at frequency 9.285 GHz with the reflection coefficient of -28 dB. It covers a bandwidth from 7.008 GHz to 9.64 GHz. It has maximum directivity of 4.540 dBi.

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-5225-9683-7.ch002

INTRODUCTION

MICROSTRIP antenna comprises three most important parts which is substrate, patch, and ground. A dielectric substrate i.e. genes is sandwiched between radiating patch and partial ground plane. The conducting area is located on the dielectric substrate which is used as radiating element. On other side of dielectric substrate there is conducting layer used as ground part (Srivastava, Singh, Ali, and Singh, 2013; Wong, 2002; Singh and Naresh, 2015; Singh, Ali, Ayub, and Singh, 2014; Raghupatruni, Krishna, and Kumar, 2013; Balanis, 2004). There are a variety of methods for enhancing the bandwidth of textile microstrip antenna by expands the material depth, utilizing low dielectric material, using numerous feeding techniques and impedance matching. Both the bandwidth and the thickness of the antenna is contradictory assets i.e. enhancement in bandwidth increases the size & thickness of presented antenna (Srivastava, Singh and Avub, 2015; Loni, Avub and Singh, 2014; Singh, Ali, Avub, and Singh, 2014; Singg, Singh and Singh, 2014; Singh, Singh and Naresh, 2016; Gupta, Singh, Ali, Ahirwar, 2016; Din, Chakrabarty, Ismail, Devi and Chen, 2012).

Currently the fast improvement of modern communication systems is necessary for transportable devices for some important features which includes easy designing, light weight, small in size, compatible with microwave, millimeter wave integrated circuits, less production cost and easy fabrication of microstrip antennas. The microstrip antenna has abundant useful properties which includes tiny size, low-cost of the fabrication, light weight, ease of setting up but the main limitations of printed antennas remains their narrow bandwidth features which restrictions the range of frequency such that the antenna be able to work efficiently. In wireless communication system, microstrip antenna plays major role. These are used in high performance aircrafts, radar, missiles and other spacecraft. It has many advantages such as its light weight, simple structure, ease of addition and less cost. Microstrip antenna requires very less space for installation as these are simple and small in size (Baudh, Kumar, and Singh, 2013; Srivastava, Avub, Singh, 2014; Loni and Singh, 2015; Ddhupkariva and Singh, 2015; Singh, Singh and Naresh, 2015a; Singh, Singh and Naresh, 2015b; Ali, Singh, Kumar and Shahanaz, 2011).

8 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-

global.com/chapter/a-hammer-type-textile-antenna-withpartial-circle-ground-for-wide-band-application/235778

Related Content

Securing EPR Data Using Cryptography and Image Watermarking

Youssef Zaz, Lhoussain El Fadiland Mohamed El Kayyali (2012). *International Journal of Mobile Computing and Multimedia Communications (pp. 76-87).*www.irma-international.org/article/securing-epr-data-using-cryptography/66368

Using Communication Frequency and Recency Context to Facilitate Mobile Contact List Retrieval

Athanasios Plessas, Vassilios Stefanis, Andreas Komninosand John Garofalakis (2013). *International Journal of Handheld Computing Research (pp. 52-71).*https://www.irma-international.org/article/using-communication-frequency-and-recency-context-to-facilitate-mobile-contact-list-retrieval/103153

Design Guidelines for Location-Based and Contextual Learning Supported by Mobile Devices

Johan Eliassonand Robert Ramberg (2012). *International Journal of Handheld Computing Research (pp. 26-43).*

www.irma-international.org/article/design-guidelines-location-based-contextual/67095

Panoramic Street-View Exploration using a Multi-Display Mobile Application

Vlad Stirbuand Petros Belimpasakis (2013). *International Journal of Handheld Computing Research (pp. 1-14)*.

www.irma-international.org/article/panoramic-street-view-exploration-using/76306

Internet Phenomenon

Lars Konzack (2019). Advanced Methodologies and Technologies in Network Architecture, Mobile Computing, and Data Analytics (pp. 1754-1762). www.irma-international.org/chapter/internet-phenomenon/214737