Chapter 4 Impact of Green Supply Chain Management on Competitive Advantage of Business Organizations in Sri Lanka

A. R. Sadurdeen

Uva Wellassa University of Sri Lanka, Sri Lanka

Jayaranjani Sutha Uva Wellassa University of Sri Lanka, Sri Lanka

ABSTRACT

Organizations adopt many strategies to gain competitive advantage. An important strategy is adopting green practices. Cost-benefit and customer value enhancement are two other strategies. By combining all of these elements, organizations can acquire a superior competitive advantage. There are contradictory findings on applying the cost-benefit element to green supply chain management (GSCM) and no clear theory on how to combine these elements to gain a competitive advantage. The primary objective of this study is to identify the impact of GSCM on competitive advantage of business organizations in Sri Lanka. Sample technique used was convenience sampling method. Data was collected from 30 organizations that were following green practices in Sri Lanka. The data were analyzed using descriptive analysis, correlation coefficient, and simple regression model. The results show that there is a strong positive relationship between GSCM and competitive advantage, it was considered more effective to apply both cost-benefit and customer value enhancement simultaneously.

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-5225-7299-2.ch004

Copyright © 2019, IGI Global. Copying or distributing in print or electronic forms without written permission of IGI Global is prohibited.

INTRODUCTION

Strategic management is the careful examination of an action plan to determine how it will help to develop and regulate the competitive advantage of a business organization. The measure of the competitive advantage is the difference between the organization's and its competitors' position (Mintzberg & Quinn, 1991).

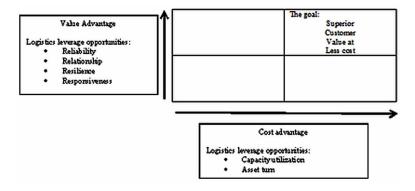
The capability of a business organization to create an unassailable position over its competitors can be defined as competitive advantage (Li *et al.*, 2006). There are many factors that can contribute to gain a competitive advantage over other firms – the formation of higher competencies that are leveraged to generate customer value, achieving higher cost-effectiveness, and possessing differentiation advantages, which will result in a bigger market share and cost savings (Barney, 1991; Day & Wensley, 1988; Prahalad & Hamel, 1990).

BACKGROUND

According to Martin Christopher (2011), to gain a competitive advantage the organization should have value advantage and cost advantage.

Further, as per Porter's theory, an organization's competitive advantage hinges on its capability to be a low-cost producer in its industry or to be unique in its industry in those features that are popularly valued by consumers (Porter, 1991). Most executives agree that cost and value will determine the strength of a firm's competitive advantage (D' Souza & Williams, 2000).

Figure 1. Gaining competitive advantage Source: Logistic and supply chain management, 4th edition by Martin Christopher



28 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: <u>www.igi-</u> <u>global.com/chapter/impact-green-supply-chain-</u> <u>management/221210</u>

Related Content

Basic Information Management

Manjunath Ramachandra (2010). Web-Based Supply Chain Management and Digital Signal Processing: Methods for Effective Information Administration and Transmission (pp. 54-69). www.irma-international.org/chapter/basic-information-management/37604

Harnessing Supply Chain Efficiency Through Information Linkages: Case of Multi National Companies' and Small Retail Sector in India

Arpita Khareand Anshuman Khare (2012). *International Journal of Information Systems and Supply Chain Management (pp. 86-104).* www.irma-international.org/article/harnessing-supply-chain-efficiency-through/71952

The Role of Green Technologies in the Transition Towards a Circular Economy

Wong Sing Yun, Saizal Bin Pinjaman, Jain Yassinand Shairil Izwan Taasim (2023). Handbook of Research on Designing Sustainable Supply Chains to Achieve a Circular Economy (pp. 121-141).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/the-role-of-green-technologies-in-the-transition-towards-acircular-economy/322241

Industry-Wide Supply Chain Information Integration: The Lack of Management and Disjoint Economic Responsibility

Stefan Henningssonand Jonas Hedman (2010). *International Journal of Information Systems and Supply Chain Management (pp. 1-20).* www.irma-international.org/article/industry-wide-supply-chain-information/39064

Justifying RFID Investment to Enable Mobile Service Applications in Manufacturing and Supply Chain

In Lee (2013). Supply Chain Management: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools, and Applications (pp. 1790-1813).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/justifying-rfid-investment-enable-mobile/73429