Chapter 6 A Global Perspective of Classroom Technology Integration and Use

Kelly M. Torres

The Chicago School of Professional Psychology, USA

Aubrey Statti

The Chicago School of Professional Psychology, USA

ABSTRACT

Across the globe, technology has become more commonplace in educational settings. Particularly, educators are utilizing technology to positively impact student academic performance and to engage learners throughout classroom activities. Common trends in educational technology incorporate the inclusion of mobile phones and social media activities. However, distinct differences across the world are found in classroom settings in the availability of educational technology resources and the opportunity for educators to receive professional development training.

INTRODUCTION

This chapter presents an overview of recent research focused on global perceptions and uses of technology in educational contexts. As technology continues to evolve and becomes more vital to every day functions, the inclusion of it in classroom settings will become even more imperative. Specifically, more emphasis may need to be placed on learners' development of computer technology skills to ensure that they are able to compete on a global scale. Although educational technology has

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-5225-6361-7.ch006

become more commonplace in many academic settings, how it is used and perceived may be diverse and dependent on geographic location (e.g., developed countries vs underdeveloped countries) and government funding. For example, Bulman and Fairlie (2016) reported that American schools, families, and policymakers spend a significant portion of their finances on technology for educational enhancement. Contrastively, educational technology in South Africa is not always available and educators' access to computers is often considered to be a barrier to its presence in their classes (Hart & Laher, 2015). Nevertheless, researchers have found that educational technology has many benefits including increasing students' levels of engagement (Terrion & Aceti, 2012), motivation (Hung, Sun, & Tu, 2015), and academic achievement (Pierce & Cleary, 2016). The improvement in these factors have resulted in some countries such as Finland (Linna, Aramo-Immonen, Saari, Turunen, Jussila, Joel-Edgar, & Muhtala, 2015), Slovenia (Autio, Jamsek, Soobik, Thorsteinson, & Olafsson (2017), and the United States (Voogt, Knezek, Christensen, Lai, Pratt, Albion... Slykhuis, 2017) requiring digital literacy skills and/or technological tools as being included as part of their national curriculum.

THE DIGITAL AGE OF COMMUNICATION

Fraillon, Schulz, Friedman, and Gebhardt (2013) contended that "in the digital age, information and communication technology plays a key role in creating and exchanging knowledge, and information around the globe and affects citizen's everyday life" (p. 3). This impact may be particularly true for younger generations whose constant exposure to technology has been proclaimed to influence how they think and learn, which may be distinct from prior generations (Lai & Hong, 2014). Interestingly, in Lai and Hong's (2014) study, they found that undergraduate and post-graduate students in New Zealand did not report differences in their usage of academic and social technological tools and applications. Likewise, Irian pre-service teachers in Teo, Yurdakul, and Ursavaş's (2016) research characterized themselves as digital learners regardless of their age. Further, a study conducted by Wang, Hsu, Campbell, Coster, and Longhurst (2014) revealed that *digital natives*' use of technology inside and outside of academic settings may be diverse and directly impacted by teachers' lack of educational technology training.

There are a multitude of reasons why teachers may fail to utilize educational technology in their instruction and classroom activities. For example, research focused on Serbian pre-service teachers attitudes toward the inclusion of educational technology resulted in perceived usefulness, perceived ease of use, and one's level of technology complexity as all having a direct impact on their perceptions of it (Teo, Milutinović. & Zhou, 2016). Similarly, Ashrafzadeh and Sayadian (2015)

19 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-

global.com/chapter/a-global-perspective-of-classroomtechnology-integration-and-use/220181

Related Content

Strategies to Collect and Use Online Student Feedback: Improving Teaching through Formative Evaluation

Denise Stockley (2006). Selected Styles in Web-Based Educational Research (pp. 246-259).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/strategies-collect-use-online-student/28783

Advanced Feedback Using Dynamic Rubrics, Video, and Audio: Student Perception and Teacher Efficiency with Advanced Tools in Online Grading James J. Jaurez (2016). *Increasing Productivity and Efficiency in Online Teaching (pp. 264-289).*

 $\underline{\text{www.irma-international.org/chapter/advanced-feedback-using-dynamic-rubrics-video-and-audio/153287}$

Examining Transactional Distance in Synchronous Online Learning Environments

Ayfer Beylik, Evrim Genç Kumtepeand Alper Tolga Kumtepe (2021). *Motivation, Volition, and Engagement in Online Distance Learning (pp. 147-167).*

 $\underline{\text{www.irma-international.org/chapter/examining-transactional-distance-in-synchronous-online-learning-environments/285223}$

EVAWEB V2: Enhancing a Web-Based Assessment System Focused on Non-Repudiation Use and Teaching

A.I. González-Tablas, A. Orfila, B. Ramosand A. Ribagorda (2010). *Novel Developments in Web-Based Learning Technologies: Tools for Modern Teaching (pp. 265-276).*

www.irma-international.org/chapter/evaweb-enhancing-web-based-assessment/40543

Using iREAD in Understanding Online Reading Strategies Applied by Science and Technology Students

Ruhil Amal Azmuddin, Nor Fariza Mohd Norand Afendi Hamat (2018). *International Journal of Web-Based Learning and Teaching Technologies (pp. 18-32).*www.irma-international.org/article/using-iread-in-understanding-online-reading-strategies-applied-by-science-and-technology-students/205549