

Chapter XXVII

Mobility Support in 4G Heterogeneous Networks for Interoperable M–Health Devices

Eduardo Antonio Viruete Navarro
University of Zaragoza, Spain

José Ruiz Mas
University of Zaragoza, Spain

Julián Fernández Navajas
University of Zaragoza, Spain

Ignacio Martínez Ruiz
University of Zaragoza, Spain

ABSTRACT

In the last years, much work has been done to create a complete solution in m-Health environments. The problem can be summarized as follows: any health professional (medical specialist, sport trainer, nutritionist, etc.) should be able to control a series of measurements related to a person's health. The characteristics of these people vary from those patients with limited knowledge of the control processes and low mobility to sportsmen highly involved in the process and great mobility in the moment the measurements take place. This wide set of characteristics raises two basic challenges: the use of measurement equipment easily adaptable to the control system and the necessity of adding mobility support mechanisms to the design. This chapter focuses on studying these two challenges, illustrates them with several use cases and contributes to the mobility support problem with a new algorithm.

INTRODUCTION

Telecommunications and advanced information technologies have increasingly been used for clinical activities and research to improve healthcare delivery. The design of these e-Health systems has boosted many evolutions in the last years towards integrated solutions and new application environments. Thus, Medical Devices (MDs) and Vital Sensors (VSs) at the Point of Care (PoC) end are now part of very diverse environments: home telemonitoring, mobile solutions (m-Health) for teleemergencies, or on-line follow up while patients carry out their daily living activities (Ruiz, Viruete, Hernández, Alesanco, Fernández, Valdovinos, Istepanian & García, 2006). These devices and sensors acquire huge amounts of very valuable information, without the need for manually writing down each measurement, contributing to the generation of the Electronic Healthcare Record (EHR). Moreover, as different manufacturers use their own software and communication protocols (building proprietary solutions that can only work alone or inside a single-vendor system), an important interoperability problem emerges, leading to the need of communication standards (Galarraga, Serrano, Martinez & Toledo, 2005), and their further adaptation to new wireless (Bluetooth, Zigbee, or WiFi) and wired (USB or Ethernet) communication technologies. Some of these standards are EN13606, the European standard for EHR communication (EN13606, 2007); and ISO/IEEE11073 PoC-MDC, the European CEN/TC251 family of standards for PoC-MD Communications also known as X73 (IEEE11073, 2007). Thus, this need for developing open sensor networks in healthcare environments has fostered the development of standard-based specific solutions (Martínez, Fernández, Galarraga, Serrano, Toledo & García, 2007) that allow transparent integration and interoperability inside e-Health systems with monitoring medical devices. Furthermore, the use of standards provides plug-and-play capabilities and auto-configuration

features with the lowest level of user intervention, also taking into account users with no technical knowledge (the end user, without the support of a technician, should also be able to substitute or add a device in case of failure or due to a change in the follow-up design).

From this scenario, and in order to propose global e-Health solutions, all this interoperability effort must be integrated in a design scheme to support a network of compatible devices from different patients in different locations (see Figure 1). Thus, information data acquired from the different MDs and VSs is transmitted in a standards-compliant mode to a compatible e-Health device that acts as a gateway. This compatible e-Health device in each PoC connects to the monitoring server to manage different e-Health services, and its design must adapt to the new relevant scenarios in addition to those based on traditional fixed networking. Thus, the e-Health device design must support two additional connection modes: portable (in supervised environments but with changing requirements), and mobile (with changing both environments and requirements). First, in a portable networking scenario, the device design requires allowing intra-network connections and communications to any access network, in order not to depend on the specific requirements related to each fixed location. However, the design does not require continuing the ongoing communication between communicating peers during movements. In a complementary way, a mobile networking scenario requires services to continue ongoing communications while roaming, preferably without interruption or the degradation of communication quality. In fact, the first scenario can be regarded as a special case of the second scenario. Likewise, devices must adapt to the available (wired and wireless) connection technologies, and be able to communicate to several access technologies and seamlessly move between them in an Internet Protocol (IP) environment. These requirements involve the integration between heterogeneous networks, known as ‘all-

13 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage:

www.igi-global.com/chapter/mobility-support-heterogeneous-networks-interoperable/21017

Related Content

The Implications of Deep Fakes Impact on Politics and Elections: The Nigerian Narrative

Silas Oghenemaro Emovwodo and Ife Kristi Ayo-Obiremi (2024). *Navigating the World of Deepfake Technology* (pp. 378-396).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/the-implications-of-deep-fakes-impact-on-politics-and-elections/353628

OntoMedia— Semantic Multimedia Metadata Integration and Organization

B. Hüsemann and G. Vossen (2008). *Multimedia Technologies: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools, and Applications* (pp. 864-879).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/ontomedia-semantic-multimedia-metadata-integration/27126

Influencer Marketing: Its Notable Growth in Brands Valuation and Consumer Behavior

Harish Kumar, Raj Kumar Singh, Megha Sharma and Anuj (2024). *Navigating the World of Deepfake Technology* (pp. 205-222).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/influencer-marketing/353620

Software Engineer for Mobile Multimedia: A Roadmap

G. K. Mostefaoui (2008). *Multimedia Technologies: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools, and Applications* (pp. 1008-1021).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/software-engineer-mobile-multimedia/27135

Motivation, Learning, and Game Design

Mahboubah Asgari and David Kaufman (2011). *Gaming and Simulations: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools and Applications* (pp. 528-543).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/motivation-learning-game-design/49403