

## Chapter 4

# Special Library Consortia: A Resource Sharing Approach in an Electronic Milieu

**Tawfeeq Nazir**  
*University of Kashmir, India*

### ABSTRACT

*Due to increase in costs, proliferation of electronic resources and dwindling library budgets, cooperative e-acquisition has become a compelling proposition in a library consortium environment. The user community also has been greatly influenced by newer technologies facilitating seamless access to information. Users demand to have a wide array of electronic information services. As such, the current library scenario has reached a critical mass both in terms of e-products as well as increased number of virtual users. Due to journal crisis, and cuts in library budgets, the special library professionals are forced to come together in forming a consortium for subscription of e-journals. This chapter provides an outlook of special library consortia in India and the rest of the world.*

### INTRODUCTION

Libraries today are facing increasing demand for services while concerned with the challenges such as the remarkable rise in managing information resources, elevated cost of library materials, high expectations from users, budget cuts and much more. The solution to these crises is to establish library consortium especially in relation to the acquisition of electronic resources. Library consortia are created to help

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-4666-9542-9.ch004

### ***Special Library Consortia***

libraries obtain better prices by buying joint access for a greater number of users, expanding access to print and electronic collections and developing new services to meet the customers' needs.

Consortia approach has come into view as the hallmark of libraries in order to feat electronic resources effectively. As noted by Vasishta and Jyoti (2007), Allen Kent stressed that, "the success and survival of libraries will much depend on how much and to what extent the libraries cooperate with each other in future". A consortium is said to be a cooperative array among groups, institutions, association or society (Bansode, 2007). Huarng & Yu (2011) shared that library consortium "refers to co-operation, co-ordination and collaboration between, and among, libraries for the purpose of sharing information resources". Consortium among the libraries is useful in various ways. It will be beneficial for getting cooperation among its member libraries in acquiring electronic databases, communication of information and inter-library loan. It will be supportive for balanced use of library funds that even small libraries can also derive benefits out of their tight budget. Consortium provides an effective information infrastructure to its member libraries.

According to Varaprasad & Madhusudhan (2010), there are different kinds of consortium:

1. **Open Consortium:** In this type, libraries are free to join and leave when they please. Member libraries are usually homogeneous in nature and require cross-sharing of the resources in a specific subject area. For example, INDEST-AICTE Consortium.
2. **Closed Consortium:** As the name indicates, this type of consortium is formed by coalition, affiliation, and collaboration among exclusive member libraries. For example, CSIR, DAE, and IIM Consortium.
3. **Centrally-funded:** In this type, a parent body or the coordinating agency will have the financial responsibility for running the consortium. For example, CSIR, INDEST, UGC INFONET, and ICMR Consortia, etc.
4. **Special Library Consortium:** Consortium formed by corporate libraries, law libraries, medical libraries, museum libraries, news libraries, and non-profit libraries.
5. **Shared Budget:** In this type, management of funds and other aspects are handled individually by the member libraries. For example, IIM, and Forum for Resource Sharing in Astronomy and Astrophysics (FORSA).
6. **Publishers' Initiative:** Certain publishers are also encouraging consortium formation by giving a deep discount in prices to the member libraries. For example, Emeralds' Publishing Group.

32 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: [www.igi-global.com/chapter/special-library-consortia/138853](http://www.igi-global.com/chapter/special-library-consortia/138853)

## Related Content

---

### Information Equity and Cultural Sharing: The Service for Migrant Workers in Hangzhou Public Library

Shuqing Chu, Shumin Tu, Nuo Wang and Weiran Zhang (2020). *International Journal of Library and Information Services* (pp. 10-24).

[www.irma-international.org/article/information-equity-and-cultural-sharing/240795](http://www.irma-international.org/article/information-equity-and-cultural-sharing/240795)

### Altmetric Mapping of Highly-Cited Articles on Plagiarism in India

Ranjan Borah and Margam Madhusudhan (2023). *International Journal of Library and Information Services* (pp. 1-15).

[www.irma-international.org/article/altmetric-mapping-of-highly-cited-articles-on-plagiarism-in-india/321659](http://www.irma-international.org/article/altmetric-mapping-of-highly-cited-articles-on-plagiarism-in-india/321659)

### A Unique Development Road of Urban Public Libraries of China: Practice and Exploration of Pudong Library

Wei Zhang, Wanfen Zou and Xiangen Qiu (2019). *International Journal of Library and Information Services* (pp. 51-71).

[www.irma-international.org/article/a-unique-development-road-of-urban-public-libraries-of-china/228178](http://www.irma-international.org/article/a-unique-development-road-of-urban-public-libraries-of-china/228178)

### Academic and School Library Partnerships: An Organization-Led Collaboration

Gary Marks, Jr., Neil Grimes and Bonnie Lafazan (2023). *Cases on Establishing Effective Collaborations in Academic Libraries* (pp. 46-67).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/academic-and-school-library-partnerships/313671](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/academic-and-school-library-partnerships/313671)

### Embracing E-Resource Discovery Technique Using Open Source Software: The IUB Library's Experience

Md. Mukhlesur Rahman and Md. Zahid Hossain Shoeb (2018). *Library Science and Administration: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools, and Applications* (pp. 515-544).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/embracing-e-resource-discovery-technique-using-open-source-software/191527](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/embracing-e-resource-discovery-technique-using-open-source-software/191527)