


Chapter 3

Theorizing the Synergy Between NGOs, Human Rights, and Corporate Social Responsibility: A Conceptual Framework for Sustainable Development

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ABSTRACT

This chapter, “Theorizing the Synergy between NGOs, Human Rights, and Corporate Social Responsibility,” proposes a synergistic approach for sustainable development. It explores the interplay between NGOs, human rights, and corporate social responsibility (CSR), emphasizing their unique roles in promoting ethical, social, and environmental standards. The chapter analyzes how their integration can enhance sustainable development goals, highlighting the role of NGOs in advocating human rights within corporate strategies and aligning CSR with human rights agendas for sustainable business practices. It introduces a conceptual framework for collaborative advancement in sustainable development, bridging the gap between human rights and corporate responsibility. The chapter concludes with future research prospects and the impact of this synergy on policy and corporate governance, underscoring its necessity for a sustainable global society.

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INTRODUCTION

In the tapestry of modern global challenges, the urgency for sustainable development folds into every narrative of progress, stability, and social equity. As the world encounters the multifaceted repercussions of climate change, resource depletion, and widespread inequality, the imperative to foster an environment where economic growth, social inclusion, and the protection of the environment can coexist harmoniously has never been more critical. This chapter endeavors to dissect the converging paths of three pivotal actors in this ongoing narrative: Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs), human rights frameworks, and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiatives.

Context and Rationale

The concept of sustainable development is inherently dynamic and continuously evolving. Its aim extends beyond merely addressing current environmental issues to laying the groundwork for enduring socioeconomic stability, while also safeguarding and promoting human rights. Within this context, the roles played by NGOs, human rights, and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) are both unique and intricately linked.

NGOs stand at the forefront of advocating for sustainable practices, acting as a pivotal connector among various stakeholders, including businesses, governmental bodies, and community groups. Their flexibility enables them to quickly respond to the shifting demands of the global landscape, channeling resources and raising awareness in areas often overlooked by conventional governmental approaches. Human rights, rooted in international legal frameworks and a universal moral agreement, serve as the critical infrastructure for sustainable development. These rights, beyond just legal mandates, represent moral guidelines that influence and direct the conduct of governments and businesses. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, along with subsequent treaties and conventions, delineates these rights, which are essential for any significant and fair advancement.

CSR represents the business sector's contribution to sustainable development, encapsulating a corporate ethos that extends beyond profit margins to include social welfare and environmental stewardship. It recognizes that corporations, as some of the most powerful entities in the world, have a responsibility to act in the best interests of the societies they operate within.

The interplay of these three elements fosters a symbiotic relationship that can amplify efforts towards a sustainable future. NGOs can hold corporations accountable to their social and environmental commitments, push for greater transparency, and advocate for policy changes. In turn, businesses can integrate human rights into their

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