

Chapter 2

Leveraging Enterprise Resource Planning Systems to Digitize Business Functions

Jessy Nair
PES University, India

D. Bhanu Sree Reddy
VIT University, India

ABSTRACT

The successful implementation of Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system is a challenge to many organizations. Though an intervention, ERP brings in large scale tangible and intangible benefits to an organization. It poses significant intervention on firm level endogenous dimensions; internal stakeholders, internal organization, business processes and technology. Though literature recognizes that ERP intervention brings about technological change during ERP implementation, hardly any article has conceptualized these interventions in evaluating its performance. Drawing on the Socio Technical system perspective the objective of this article is to conceptualize the ERP intervention on the endogenous dimensions of the organization and develop a comprehensive conceptual model to assess the success or failure of ERP system implementation. The conceptual model, Process-Variance and Adapted Socio-Technical (PVAAT), proposed in this article will enable decision makers and practitioners to measure ERP project performance at every stage of its life cycle in a coherent method and adopt corrective measures.

INTRODUCTION

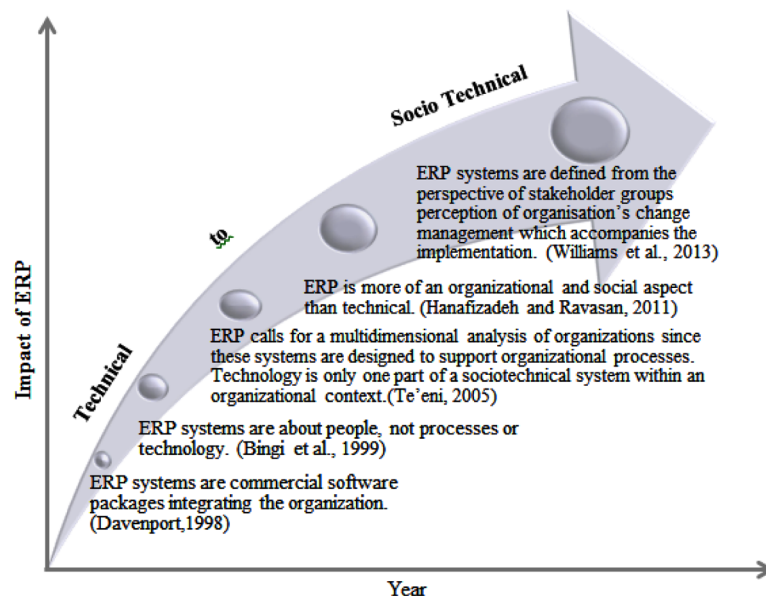
Information Systems (IS) of organizations have evolved from disjointed business processes to a boundary-less and cross functional structure by transforming functional enterprises and organizing their independent functions into process value chains. ERP system software, an Information Technology (IT) driven initiative enables a value chain (Shehab, Sharp, Supramaniam & Spedding, 2004) based organization structure by allowing seamless flow of real time information across functional processes of the organization and empowering organizational stakeholders with precise decision making (Arnold, 2006). External

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-5225-2382-6.ch002

indicators like globalization of markets and operations (Gunasekaran, 2005) and competitive pressure; internal indicators such as increasing costs in inventory, administration and so forth, resulted in Hammer & Stanton (1999) claiming that organizations have to inevitably restructure into process enterprises by strategically orienting themselves in this manner to stay competitive. Henderson and Mitchell (2007) emphasize that while organizations develop their strategy and align resources for implementing strategy it is very pertinent that decision makers identify key dimensions internal to the organization. They further state that this will enable the organizations to develop organizational capabilities and the capabilities can be leveraged to shape the environment and match the organizational performance necessitated by the competitive business environment. A technological resource such as ERP is a strategic tool that results in organizational change while bringing about tangible and in-tangible benefits to the organization. Hence successful ERP intervention is therefore an outcome of high investments and organizations have achieved operational efficiencies, yet a large group of organizations have been unable to translate ERP implementations into a success (Nwankpa, 2015).

ERP as an application software is distinguished from other general software due to the tangible and intangible benefits it can bring about by its organizational impact. Review of literature of over a decade clearly points that even though ERP is an application software its implementation should not only consider technical perspective but interactions with social factors in an organizational context (see Figure 1). Therefore, organization stakeholders can consider internal factors like organizational context, stakeholders, culture, processes and external factors like globalization, competitiveness and customer requirements for successful implementation of ERP. Organizational change that occurs with ERP project necessitates organization stakeholders to implement ERP successfully and evaluate its performance. ERP intervention requires managing change brought about by implementing IS and the mutual interaction it has with the organization's socio-technical context, which is intertwined of technology, people (Davis & Olson, 1985), organizational context and processes (Uzoka, Abiola & Nyangeresi, 2008).

Figure 1. Evolution of ERP definition from technical to socio technical perspective



25 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage:

www.igi-global.com/chapter/leveraging-enterprise-resource-planning-systems-to-digitize-business-functions/177337

Related Content

RFID Implementation in Australian Hospitals: Implications for ICT Sector and Health Informatics

Chandana Unnithan (2014). *International Journal of Enterprise Information Systems* (pp. 40-61).

www.irma-international.org/article/rfid-implementation-in-australian-hospitals/112077

Avatars and Robots as Social Companions in Healthcare: Requirements, Engineering, Adoption and Ethics

Lundy Lewis (2014). *International Journal of Enterprise Information Systems* (pp. 21-39).

www.irma-international.org/article/avatars-and-robots-as-social-companions-in-healthcare/112076

Exploring the Effectiveness of IT Application and Value Method in the Innovation Performance of Enterprise

Larry Jung-Hsing Lee and Jun-Der Leu (2016). *International Journal of Enterprise Information Systems* (pp. 47-65).

www.irma-international.org/article/exploring-the-effectiveness-of-it-application-and-value-method-in-the-innovation-performance-of-enterprise/159184

Requirements Engineering Method and Maturity Model for ERP Projects

S. Parthasarathy and Muthu Ramachandran (2008). *International Journal of Enterprise Information Systems* (pp. 1-14).

www.irma-international.org/article/requirements-engineering-method-maturity-model/2148

QoS-Oriented Grid-Enabled Data Warehouses

Rogério Luís de Carvalho Costa and Pedro Furtado (2011). *Enterprise Information Systems: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools and Applications* (pp. 901-920).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/qos-oriented-grid-enabled-data/48587