Preschool Teacher Identity

Sanja Tatalović Vorkapić University of Rijeka, Croatia

Lidija Vujičić University of Rijeka, Croatia

Renata Čepić University of Rijeka, Croatia

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The teaching process cannot be simplified to definitions of the best teachers as those possessing certain desirable teaching behaviours and skills (Katz, 2002). Although there are numerous factors that significantly influence learning and teaching, one might agree that specific teaching roles dominantly determine the quality of preschool teaching processes and learning outcomes. Furthermore, two equally important dimensions that characterize teaching roles, as linked with concepts of identity, are professional and personal dimensions. Therefore, one might be wondering: Who are contemporary preschool teachers? How do they define their self and identity? What determines identity that preschool teachers describe as theirs? Consequently, how do these identities influence the quality of process of early and preschool care and education? Answering these questions is no easy task since the concept of identity is defined in various ways in the more general literature (Beijaard, Meijer, & Verloop, 2004). This chapter is focused on an analysis of preschool teacher identity from three specific aspects. First, since all identity models emphasize the cultural context within which preschool teachers' identity develops and its crucial role,

contemporary changes in preschool teacher roles and a new study program called Early and Preschool Teacher Education and Care are analysed in the Croatian context. Secondly, in order to follow contemporary literature, theoretical models of identity are presented. Afterwards, based on such models, the personality traits and temperament of research participants are analysed within the context of preschool teacher identity. Finally, the chapter's third section analyses preschool teachers' values, motives, and narratives.

In teaching, and perhaps especially in preschool teaching, the personal and the professional are intimately intertwined. These two aspects give each other significance, and are inexorably linked to the teacher's personal and professional identity. (Court, Merav, & Ornan, 2009, p. 208)

INTRODUCTION: CROATIAN CONTEXT OF PRESCHOOL TEACHERS' IDENTITY

Early and preschool care and education in the Republic of Croatia has a long tradition. Taking into account the results of scientific research on child development, educational practice in early and preschool education and recognition of the specific social environment and social priorities in our and other countries, the concept of organized out-of-family care and education of children from six months old to six or seven years old was shaped and realized. In this way, early and preschool care and education presents the first independent level of education, i.e. the initial level of the educational system in Croatia. It is organized through different institutions of early and preschool care and education: kindergartens, playgroups, nurseries in elementary schools, libraries, hospitals and travelling kindergartens. Early and preschool care and education is not compulsory in our country. The founders of the institution are local governments (municipalities and cities), physical and legal persons (private kindergartens), religious communities and other entities.

Croatian curricula of early and preschool education as understood in recent national history were developed from 1971 to 2010. The first two programs (from 1971 and 1983) have marked the deterministic-behavioral and adultocentric orientation focused on educator, who provides child transmission of the required information in the prescribed manner. Later two programs (from 1991 and 2010) are constructed according to the following two theoretical backgrounds: a) humanistic-developmental concept with an emphasis on children's needs and rights and b) socio-constructivist

37 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-

global.com/chapter/preschool-teacher-identity/107872

Related Content

Biological Image Analysis via Matrix Approximation

Jieping Ye, Ravi Janardanand Sudhir Kumar (2009). *Encyclopedia of Data Warehousing and Mining, Second Edition (pp. 166-170).*

www.irma-international.org/chapter/biological-image-analysis-via-matrix/10815

Applications of Kernel Methods

Gustavo Camps-Valls, Manel Martínez-Ramónand José Luis Rojo-Álvarez (2009). *Encyclopedia of Data Warehousing and Mining, Second Edition (pp. 51-57).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/applications-kernel-methods/10797

Mining Generalized Association Rules in an Evolving Environment

Wen-Yang Linand Ming-Cheng Tseng (2009). *Encyclopedia of Data Warehousing and Mining, Second Edition (pp. 1268-1274).*

www.irma-international.org/chapter/mining-generalized-association-rules-evolving/10985

Anomaly Detection for Inferring Social Structure

Lisa Friedland (2009). Encyclopedia of Data Warehousing and Mining, Second Edition (pp. 39-44).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/anomaly-detection-inferring-social-structure/10795

Graphical Data Mining

Carol J. Romanowski (2009). *Encyclopedia of Data Warehousing and Mining, Second Edition (pp. 950-956).*

www.irma-international.org/chapter/graphical-data-mining/10935